

Cancer Screening Disparities: *Physicians as Agents of Change*

1. The three most common types of cancers in American women are:

- a) Cervical, ovarian and gastric
- b) Lung, breast and colorectal
- c) Breast, endometrial and lymphoma
- d) Colorectal, liver and cervical
- e) None of the above

2. The highest overall mortality rate for all cancers combined is among which of the following racial/ethnic groups:

- a) Hispanics
- b) White Non-Hispanics
- c) Asians
- d) African Americans
- e) American Indians/Alaskan Natives

3. Which of the following statements is correct?

- a) Most women who receive a physician's recommendation for a mammogram will comply with it and get a mammogram
- b) Women who receive a recommendation for a mammogram by a health care provider are less likely to be screened for breast cancer
- c) Less than 25% of women who receive a recommendation for breast cancer screening by a physician will comply with the recommendation
- d) Physician's recommendation for breast cancer screening may or may not have an impact on mammogram use rates
- e) All of the above

4. The highest incidence of cervical cancer among American women is in which of the following racial/ethnic groups:

- a) Hispanics
- b) White Non-Hispanics
- c) Asians
- d) African Americans
- e) American Indians/Alaskan Natives

5. In California, women from which of the following racial/ethnic groups are the least likely to report having a mammogram in the past two years:

- a) Hispanics
- b) White Non-Hispanics
- c) Asians
- d) African Americans
- e) American Indians/Alaskan Natives